Florida Wild Psilocybe Cubensis Spore Syringe UK | Wild Florida Collection

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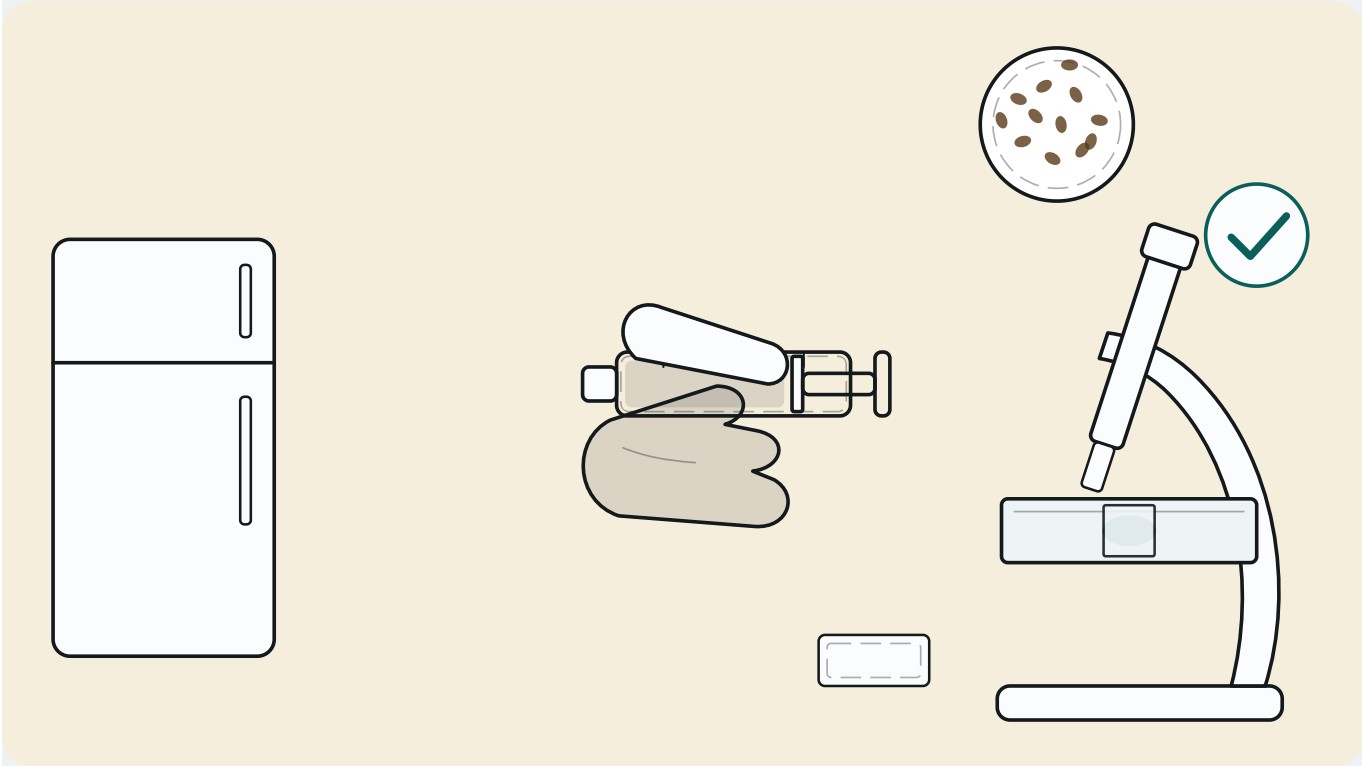
HOW THE SYRINGE IS USED FOR MICROSCOPY



1 Shake the syringe for ten seconds, cap on

2 Cap off

3 Needle on straight from its wrapper, never heated or wiped; cover off

4 One drop through the needle onto the slide

5 Coverslip down

6 Under the microscope: for microscopy and taxonomy

7 Needle off, end cap back on

8 Into the fridge at 2 to 8 °C

About Florida Wild

Florida Wild is a Psilocybe cubensis strain said to come from a wild collection in Florida, listed with the North American strains. Supplied as a double-density spore syringe, prepared in the UK for microscopy and taxonomic study. It gives a regional slide to set beside Treasure Coast and the other North American lines when comparing spore size and wall detail across the species.

Origin and lineage

Florida Wild is said to come from a wild collection in Florida, and the name records no more than that. It is listed with the North American strains alongside Treasure Coast, which is also named for a stretch of the Florida coast, and the Alabama side of Alacabenzi. Lines from the Gulf states turn up often in cubensis collections, and together they make a tidy regional set for the microscope. Each is prepared to the same double density, so a difference between two slides is a difference between prints rather than between syringes.

Under the microscope

Spores are ellipsoid, 11 to 14 by 7 to 9 µm, thick-walled and dark purple-brown, with a germ pore at the apex. At 400× a drop gives an even field with plenty of single spores to measure, and at 1000× under oil the wall and pore detail are typical of the species. Set beside Treasure Coast on the next slide, Florida Wild makes the point that two lines from the same state cannot be told apart by spore form; what differs, if anything, is the size range across a print. Morphology alone does not authenticate a named strain, so identity rests on the provenance of the source print.

Handling and storage

Keep the syringe sealed and refrigerated at 2 to 8 °C, do not freeze it, and use it within six months. Before a slide, shake the syringe to bring the spores back into suspension, fit the sterile needle supplied and expel one drop onto a clean slide under a coverslip. Refit the cap afterwards and return the syringe to the fridge. Spare needles and gloves are on the basket page.

Species	Psilocybe cubensis
Origin	Said to be a wild collection from Florida
Spore print	Dark purple-brown
Family	North American strains
Storage	2 to 8 °C, sealed, use within 6 months
Intended use	Microscopy, taxonomy and educational research only

How to Study Psilocybe Cubensis Spores Under a Microscope

Disclaimer

- This guide is for microscopy and educational purposes only.
- Cultivating or germinating spores into mushrooms containing psilocybin is illegal in the UK.

Introduction

- Each spore is a tiny, structured cell, and under the lens it shows its shape, size, wall and pigmentation.
- SporeSyringes.co.uk supplies double-density Psilocybe cubensis spore syringes, every batch checked under the microscope before dispatch, so the field is well populated for beginners and professionals alike.

Step 1: Prepare Your Workspace

Choose a clean, well-lit area and wipe the surfaces with isopropyl alcohol. You need:

- A microscope (400 to 1000× magnification)
- Sterile slides and coverslips
- A spore syringe (2.5 ml, 10 ml or 20 ml)
- Gloves and alcohol wipes
- A still air box, if you have one, to keep contaminants away while the slide is prepared

Step 2: Applying the Spore Solution

1. Shake the syringe for ten seconds with its cap on, so the spores disperse evenly.
2. Cap off, then fit the sterile needle straight from its wrapper; never heat or wipe it.
3. Take the needle cover off and put one small drop of solution onto the microscope slide.
4. Lower a coverslip over the drop carefully, to avoid air bubbles.
5. Needle off, end cap back on, and the syringe back in the fridge at 2 to 8 °C.

You now have a ready-to-observe spore sample. Strain clarity

Step 3: Viewing Under the Microscope

- Start at 400× to find the spores, then move to 1000× for detail.
- Expect ellipsoid spores, each strain with its own surface texture and pigmentation. The one exception among the strains we have imaged is Creeper, whose spores are angular rather than ellipsoid under the electron microscope.
- Strains such as Golden Teacher, Albino A+ and Hill Billy are studied side by side; spore size and colour overlap between strains, so record what you see rather than expecting a signature for each.

Step 4: Recording Your Findings

Take photos or notes of each strain's spore pattern. Over time you will learn to identify:

- Spore size and shape
- Colour variations (dark brown, purple or translucent)
- Wall thickness and density

Step 5: Build Your Microscopy Collection

- Many enthusiasts collect and compare spores from various strains for taxonomy studies.
- Start with a reliable source such as SporeSyringes.co.uk, where every batch is checked under the microscope before it is released.

Advanced Observation Tips

- Use MEA agar plates to grow out gourmet cultures and observe mycelium under the microscope.
- Compare strains such as Golden Teacher and B+ side by side to see the variations in spore shape and density; our Golden Teacher vs B+ guide walks through the differences.
- Record what you see for each strain, so your collection becomes a reference you can return to.

Key Takeaway

- Studying Psilocybe cubensis spores connects science and wonder. With clean, double-density spore syringes and the right tools, anyone can explore the structure and diversity of these remarkable organisms: legally, safely and with precision.

Internal Links:

- Buy Magic Mushroom Spore Syringes UK
- Learn About Double Density Spores
- Still Air Boxes for Microscopy

Psilocybe cubensis spores are supplied for microscopy and taxonomy only.

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